

# Let's talk **EMC& Regulatory test for 5G, NTN/LEO & Connectivity**

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Make ideas real



# Shipment of wireless communication equipment projected to grow in all areas driven by emerging use cases



**0.01 Bn (CAGR<sub>4</sub>: +5%)** Base Station RUs in 2022

**1.2 Bn (CAGR₄: +4%)** Smartphones in 2022

**0.4 Bn (CAGR**<sub>4</sub>: +19%) Cellular IoT modules in 2022

**4.4 Bn (CAGR<sub>4</sub>: +8%)** Wi-Fi devices in 2022

**5.1 Bn (CAGR<sub>4</sub>: +8%)** Bluetooth devices in 2022

Figures based on forecasts from IDC, Berg Insight, Murata

### Wireless technology evolution is paving the way for future Diverse standards enable fragmented applications and devices



### Wireless technology is enabling a connected world Tests are critical tasks for successful market access

Wireless products become more complex than ever.

(((5))) Wireless technology innovations are chasing higher frequency & bandwidth.



Wireless test scopes and methods are developed for 'next-level' of challenges.

#### Regulatory Compliance Test

To grant market access under legal aspect

- CE RED
- FCC

Telecom Industry Certification Test

To enable the high quality, reliability, and secure wireless communication

- GCF/Cellular
- SIG/Bluetooth
- FiRa/UWB
- WiFi Alliance/WiFi

#### Cellular Network Operator Acceptance Test

To demonstrate interoperability for specific features

- AT&T
- VzW
- T-mobile
- CMCC

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### CE RED focuses on 4 essential requirements Tons of EN standards for wireless devices

Health & Safety Art 3.1a	EMC Art 3.1b	Radio Spectrum Art 3.2	Specific topics Art 3.3	
Directive 2014/35/EU CENELEC - EN 50360 Specific Absorption Rate	EN 301 489-1 Common EN 301 489-17 WLAN EN 301 489-19 GNSS EN 301 489-33 UWB EN 301 489-50 Cellular BS EN 301 489-52 Cellular UE EN 301 489-22	EN 300 328 WLAN2.4GHz EN 301 893 WLAN5GHz EN 303 687 WLAN6GHz EN 301 908-1 Cellular Common EN 301 908-2 WCDMA UE EN 301 908-3 WCDMA BS EN 301 908-13 LTE UE	Guideline 2019/320 (E112 Emergency service	
		EN 301 908-14 LTE BS EN 301 908-24 5G NR BS EN301 908-25 5G NR UE		

### SAR is the most important test for Health & Safety Art3.1a The test system needs upgrade, more than 5G ready

Health & Safety Art Art3.1a

Directive 2014/35/EU CENELEC - EN 50360 Specific Absorption Rate



#### SAR test

- 5G NR network emulator is required to drive the EUT to extreme transmission condition.
- Be prepared: FR2 power density measurement or 5G NR RedCap wearable devices could come soon.
- Multi-Radio UE with advanced 'timeaverage-SAR' feature needs flexible signaling functions, incl. cellular, Wi-Fi and Bluetooth.
- 'Easy use' and 'extreme stable' signaling solution helps the time-consuming SAR test.



Beside SAR, FCC requires HAC test for all audio functions in mobile phones. CMX500 with in-box DAU/IMS support is useful for HAC test.



### Traditional EMC Art3.1b tests Audio breakthrough test is required for mobile phones

EMC Art 3.1b

EN 301 489-1 Common EN 301 489-17 WLAN EN 301 489-19 GNSS EN 301 489-33 UWB EN 301 489-50 Cellular BS EN 301 489-52 Cellular UE EN 301 489-7? ...

#### EMC & ABT

- Art.3.1b EMC test requirements are not changed by 5G NR or WiFi6E/7.
- EMC tests need both enable radio and disable radio conditions, which means signaling solution for 5G NR.
- Audio Breakthrough test is required for mobile phones, from GSM to VoLTE and VoNR by 5G.

https://scdn.rohde

schwarz.com/ur/pws/dl\_downloads/dl\_application/application\_notes/1sl3 91/AppNote\_Audio\_Break\_Through.pdf





Figure B.2: Audio breakthrough measurement, test set-up for portable equipment

### Wi-Fi RF test for radio spectrum Art3.2 The RED specifications are frequency bands depended

Radio Spectrum					
Art 3.2		Wi-Fi 4 (802.11n)	Wi-Fi 5 (802.11ac)	Wi-Fi 6E (802.11ax)	Wi-Fi 7 (802.11be)
EN 300 328 WLAN2.4GHz EN 301 893 WLAN5GHz EN 303 687 WLAN6GHz		High Throughput (HT)	Very High Throughput (VHT)	High Efficiency (HE)	Extreme High Throughput (EHT)
	Supported bands	2.4 GHz, 5 GHz	5 GHz	2.4 GHz, 5 GHz, <b>6 GHz</b>	2.4 GHz, 5 GHz, 6 GHz
	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	20, 40	20, 40, 80, 80+80, 160	20, 40, 80, 80+80, 160	20, 40, 80, 160, <b>320</b>
_	Transmission scheme	OFDM	OFDM	OFDM, OFDMA	OFDM, OFDMA
	Subcarrier spacing	312.5 kHz	312.5 kHz	78.125 kHz	78.125 kHz
	Guard interval	0.4 µs, 0.8 µs	0.4 µs, 0.8 µs	0.8 µs, 1.6 µs, 3.2 µs	0.8 µs, 1.6 µs, 3.2 µs
	Spatial streams	4x4 (SU-MIMO only)	8x8 (incl. DL-MU-MIMO)	8x8 (incl. MU-MIMO)	16x16 (incl. MU-MIMO)
	Modulation (highest)	64QAM (6 bit)	256QAM (8 bit)	1024QAM (10 bit)	4096QAM (12 bit)

### Wi-Fi technology evolution Wi-Fi 6E/7 enable the test requirements at 6GHz band

			a	
	Wi-Fi 4 (802.11n)	Wi-Fi 5 (802.11ac)	Wi-Fi 6E (802.11ax)	Wi-Fi 7 (802.11be)
EN 300 328 <b>2.4GHz</b> band	$\bigcirc$		$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
EN 301 893 5GHz band	$\bigcirc$	$\odot$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
EN 303 687 <b>6GHz</b> band			$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
47CFR §15.247 <b>2.4GHz</b> KDB558074	$\bigcirc$		$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
47CFR §15.407 5GHz KDB789033/90	5462	$\odot$	$\bigcirc$	$\odot$
47CFR §15.407 6GHz KDB987594			$\odot$	$\bigcirc$

### Unlicensed frequency bands in ETSI and FCC regulations Regulatory requirements depend on the bands



### Test cases for CE RED 3.2 with unlicensed bands Different bands need different test cases

	Test case	EN 300 328 2.4 GHz band	EN 301 893 5 GHz band	EN 303 687 6 GHz band	E
	Carrier frequency accuracy		Х	X	
hitter	RF output power	X	Х	X	
	Transmit power control (TPC)		Х		
SM	Spectrum power density	X	Х	X	
Tran	Occupied channel bandwidth	X	Х	X	
	Transmitter unwanted emissions	In out-of-band domain	within 5 GHz bands	within 6 GHz bands	
		Spurious domain	Outside 5 GHz bands	Outside 6 GHz band	1
	Duty cycle, TX sequence, TX gap	X			
ee S	Dwell time, min. freq. occupation, hopping	Y			
en E	sequence (only for freq. hopping DUTs)	Λ			
(ist	Hopping frequency separation	X		ľ	
ê	Medium utilization (MU) factor	X		ĥ	and an other
ŏ	Adaptivity	X	Х	X	t and fill (
	Dynamic frequency selection (DFS)		Х		L
Rec.	Receiver spurious emissions	X	Х	X	
	Receiver blocking	X	Х	X	
	Receiver adjacent channel selectivity			X	

#### Be ready for Wi-Fi 6E/7

- 6GHz band support is a must for Wi-Fi 6E/7.
- 320MHz BW (WiFi7) is not required yet. (Be prepared for future?)
- 'Golden' device or easy-use wireless communication tester simplifies DUT handling.



### **Cellular technology RF test for radio spectrum Art3.2 5G NR specification incl. FR1 and FR2**

	"3GPP-like"	
Radio Spectrum	Transmitter maximum output powe	
Art 3.2	Transmitter minimum output powe	
	Transmitter spectrum emission mask	
	Transmitter Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio	
EN 301 908-1 Cellular Common	Transmitter spurious emissions	
EN 301 908-1 Central Common EN 301 908-2 WCDMA UE EN 301 908-3 WCDMA BS EN 301 908-13 LTE UE EN 301 908-14 LTE BS EN 301 908-24 5G NR BS EN 301 908-25 5G NR UE (draft)	Receiver Reference Sensitivity Level	
	Receiver adjacent channel selectivity (ACS)	
	Receiver blocking characteristics	
	Receiver spurious response	
	Receiver intermodulation characteristics	

- Almost the same RF conformance test cases in 3GPP
  - 5G NR specification needs support of FR1/FR2/FR1+FR2

FR1

SA

FR1 test setup stays conducted; FR2 test setup become radiated

FR2

SA

FR2LTE

NSA

FR1 LTE

NSA

R&S@TS8980

#### "CTIA-like"

Receiver Total Radiated Sensitivity (TRS)

#### Total Radiated Power (TRP)



#### **Radiated Spurious Emissions**

- Measurement up to 200 GHz(FCC) for 5G FR2 with high sensitivity of -40 dBm/MHz
- Special signaling Conditioning for carrier
- All standards support



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**Receiver spurious emissions** 

Transmit OFF power

### Special smart phone RED requirement for Art3.3g A regulatory compliance requirement without ETSI standard

Specific topics Art 3.3

Guideline 2019/320 (E112) Emergency service



GUIDELINES FOR COMPLIANCE WITH DELEGATED REGULATION (EU) 2019/320

European Commission, April 202

All smartphones sold in the European Union have to be compliant as of March 17, 2022, with the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/320. It defines that 112 emergency calls provide caller location information to emergency services in a fast and accurate way, to make sure first responders can arrive at the site of an accident quickly.



Notified body has to be involved, when there is no EN standard available. R&S TS-LBS location-based services test system is the first test solution available to perform the necessary LBS compliance tests.

### FCC defines test requirements under CFR47 Many fragmented test solutions are required



## Satellite communication is not new for ETSI EN standards **Further standard development for 3GPP NTN is under progress**



#### Proposing a New Regulatory Framework for a Single Network Future



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CE RED Art3.2	Earth-to-space in MHz	Space-to-earth in MHz	Note	<ul> <li>MES</li> <li>Mobile Earth State</li> <li>S-PCN</li> <li>Satellite-Persona</li> <li>Communications</li> </ul>
EN 301 441	1610-1626.5	1613.8-1626.4 2483.5-2500	S-PCN	
EN 301 442	1980-2010	2170-2200	NGSO; S-PCN	Network
EN 301 444	1626.5-1660.5 1668-1675	1525-1559 1518-1525	LMES;MMES (15-33dBW/45-63dBm)	Land Mobile Ear Stations <b>MMES</b>
EN 301 681	1626.5-1660.5 1668-1675	1525-1559 1518-1525	GSO;S-PCN; <15dBW(45dBm)	Maritime Mobile E Stations • NEST
EN 302 574	1980-2010	2170-2200	GSO	Non-geostationary satellite systems
EN 303 980	14000-14500	10700-12750	NEST	<ul> <li>NGSO</li> <li>Non-geostationary</li> </ul>
ETSI MSC group is working on roviow/undate for 3CDD NTN devices				satellite systems

working on review/up FCC rules Mobile Satellite Service (MSS) by CFR47 §25 - SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS.

arth GSO Geostationary satellite systems

### Ultra Wideband communication is the 're-invented' pulse radio The signal should be kind of low power white noise to others



### **Regulations for UWB are earlier than present applications** The minimum bandwidth and highest power are key parameters



- UWB car-key and allocation trackers are popular products.
- Most chipsets support Channels 5 (6.5 GHz) and 9 (8 GHz) and 500MHz bandwidth.
- Regulators in many countries have concern of the interference by UWB devices.





[12.75 GHz; 2 GHz BW]





**EMC&Regulatory Test for Wireless** 





EN 302 065-1/2/... EN 303 883-1/2 EN 301 489-33

An issue for traditional measurement method\*: "When using resolution bandwidths below 50MHz, this method overestimates the peak power result for most UWB signals due to the worst-case correction factor



### Telecom Industry Certification and Cellular Network Operator Approve your device quality for successful Go-To-Market

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- VzW
- T-mobile
- CMCC



CMP180 for FiRa UWB



R&S®ATS1800M



#### R&S®TS8980



#### R&S® CMX500





R&S® TS-LBS

### KEY Takeaways

Beside 5G NR devices, RedCap IoT devices and NTN devices are almost available in 2023/2024. Wi-Fi 6E devices dominate unlicensed 6GHz band, Wi-Fi 7 devices will be commercialized soon. UWB devices get momentum in short time and give challenges to regulators.

It is time to prepare EMC& regulatory test solutions to welcome a 5G era with diverse wireless devices.

